

R121

AVRs

Installation and maintenance

LEROY-SOMER™

Nidec
All for dreams

R121 AVRs

**This manual concerns the alternator AVR which you have just purchased.
We wish to draw your attention to the contents of this maintenance manual.**

SAFETY MEASURES

Before using your machine for the first time, it is important to read the whole of this installation and maintenance manual.

All necessary operations and interventions on this machine must be performed by a qualified technician.

Our technical support service will be pleased to provide any additional information you may require.

The various operations described in this manual are accompanied by recommendations or symbols to alert the user to potential risks of accidents. It is vital that you understand and take notice of the following warning symbols.

WARNING

Warning symbol for an operation capable of damaging or destroying the machine or surrounding equipment.



Warning symbol for general danger to personnel.



Warning symbol for electrical danger to personnel.



All servicing or repair operations performed on the AVR should be undertaken by personnel trained in the commissioning, servicing and maintenance of electrical and mechanical components.



When the generator is driven at a frequency below 28 Hz for more than 30 seconds with an analogue AVR, its AC power supply must be disconnected.

WARNING

**This AVR can be incorporated in a EC-marked machine.
This manual is to be given to the end user.**

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All brands and models have been registered and patents applied for.

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R121 AVRs

1 - GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The R121 automatic voltage regulator (AVR) is a compact, high-performance encapsulated unit. It incorporates the latest technology and efficient components to achieve a high degree of miniaturisation when used with 3-phase and 1-phase AC brushless generators within its input and output limits. The unit offers excellent reliability.

The AVR provides DC excitation to the exciter field of a brushless generator to keep the voltage within the approximate operating limits from NO-LOAD to FULL LOAD.

The typical recovery time in the event of sudden loading is around 0.5 sec. to recover 97.5% of the rated voltage. Transient performance such as voltage dip and recovery time is mainly determined by the generator and exciter design parameters. Optimum AVR performance can be obtained by keeping full-load excitation to around 60 VDC.

The generator uses a true average sensing circuit, dV/dt snubber and special filter circuits to manage NON-LINEAR loads such as battery chargers, DC motors, etc.

Voltage regulation is only guaranteed for linear loads. Severely distorting NON-LINEAR loads can cause regulation problems.

Each AVR is tested prior to dispatch as part of a quality plan, for standard voltage and frequency.

A soft-start circuit is included which provides smooth control of the build-up of generator output voltage.

A frequency roll-off circuit continuously monitors the generator underspeed protection by reducing the generator output voltage in proportion with the speed below a threshold.

2 - OPERATION OF THE AVR

The AVR is powered by the terminals of the AC generator, with 110 V-220 VAC rms at 50 Hz or 60 Hz. The sensing voltage, which is the regulated voltage, is also based on the input power. The AVR forms an important part of the closed loop system comprising the generator field, generator armature and the AVR.

The AVR first builds up the generator voltage from its residual levels to the rated voltage value. When the generator is loaded, the sensed voltage decreases and generates an error voltage, which is required in order for the closed loop system to work.

The AVR contains a high gain amplifier. Depending upon the value of the amplifier voltage (either high or low) the ramp intersects the amplified voltage at a point, which is either early or late in the half-cycle. At this intersection point a starting pulse is produced to trigger the power device.

When the power device is triggered early in the half-cycle, more voltage is fed to the field and when triggered late in the half-cycle, less voltage is transmitted to the field.

In order to reduce the generator voltage at low speed, a signal inversely proportional to the speed is generated as an extra input.

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3 - TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

1) Sensing input and Input power
- Voltage: 90 V to 277 VAC $\pm 10\%$, 50/60 Hz

2) Output power
- Voltage:
• 95 VDC at 220 VAC Input
• 50 VDC at 90 VAC
- Current:
• 6 A DC
• 8 A for 30 sec. (when allowed by the field resistance)

3) Operating temperature: -20°C to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$.

4) Storage temperature: -40°C to $+80^{\circ}\text{C}$.

5) Voltage setting: min $\pm 10\%$ of rated voltage.

6) External potentiometer voltage setting: min $\pm 15\%$ of rated voltage with 2 K potentiometer.

7) Stability setting: can be adjusted to obtain a correct transient response in steady state.

8) Under frequency roll-off setting: available below 48.5 Hz for 50 Hz and below 58.5 Hz for 60 Hz.

9) Voltage build-up: 2 Volts (U-N).

10) Voltage regulation: $\pm 1\%$ at the AVR terminals.

11) Thermal drift: $\pm 1\%$ for 30°C change in temperature.

12) Response time: less than 50 ms.

13) Closed loop response: typically 0.5 sec to recover 97.5% of the defined voltage for a field forcing ratio of 1:2.

14) Sensing loss protection: the voltage should disappear when the sensing circuit is open.

15) Overexcitation protection: 95 VDC.

16) Protection fuse: 6.3 A, 240 VAC.

17) Potentiometer sealing: except for the V-trim potentiometer, all potentiometers are sealed.

18) Frequency roll-off indicator: LED provided (UF).

19) Overexcitation indicator: LED provided (OE).

20) Protection on the devices: suitable R-C snubber to be provided for the device used to protect against voltage surges.

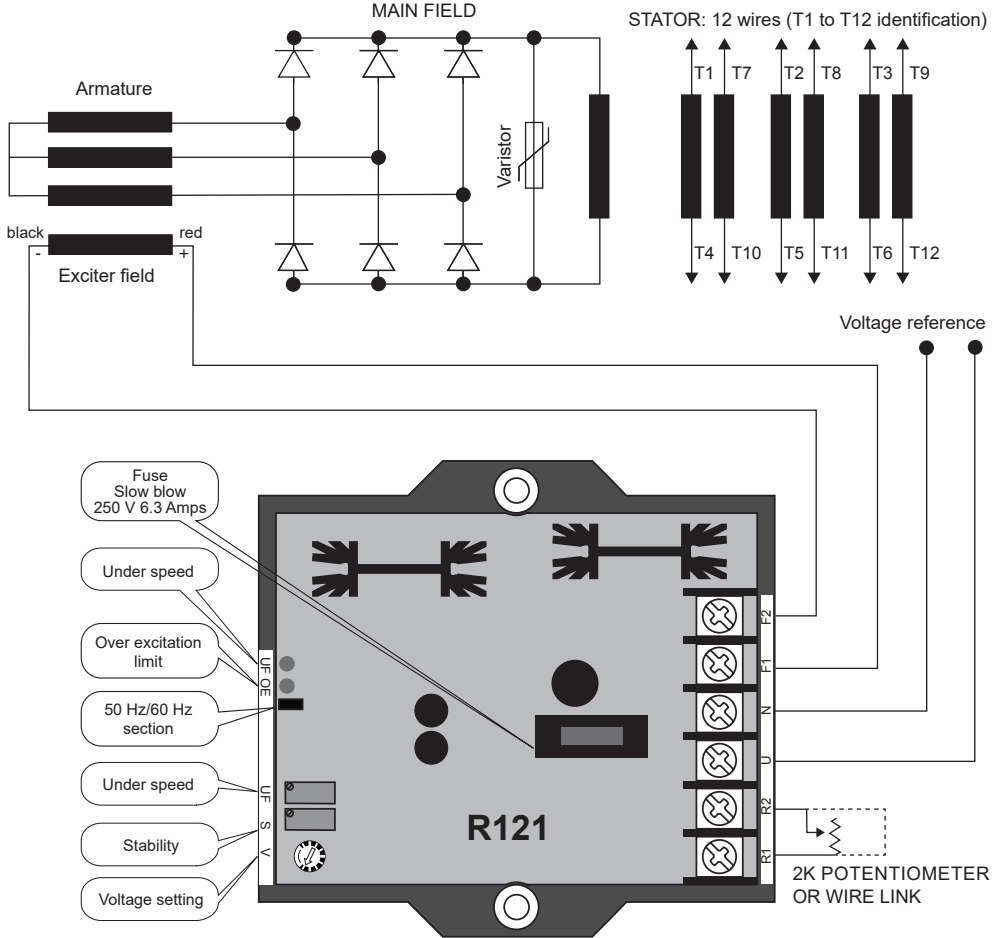
21) Dimensions:
- Overall: 105 x 96 x 38 (in mm)
- Mounting: 83 (in mm)
- Mounting hole dia: 6 (in mm)

22) Weight: 185 g.

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4 - MAIN FUNCTION OF THE AVR

The AVR is powered by the terminals of the AC generator with 110 VAC-220 VAC at 50/60 Hz. The regulated sensing voltage is based on the AVR input power.



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The AVR builds up the generator voltage from its residual voltage to rated voltage.

When the generator is loaded, the sensed voltage decreases and generates an error signal, which is required in order for the closed loop system to work.

Depending upon the value of the amplified voltage, the ramp intersects the amplified voltage at a point which is early or late in the half-cycle.

At this intersection point, a starting pulse is produced to trigger the power device.



Only qualified personnel should replace/ work on the AVR.

Do not increase the voltage beyond the rated voltage.

5 - AVR SETTINGS

5.1 - V - Voltage

This function is provided for setting the voltage up to $\pm 10\%$ of rated voltage by means of a single-turn potentiometer. Turn the potentiometer clockwise to increase the voltage and vice versa, once the rated speed has been reached.

External voltage setting up to $\pm 15\%$ of rated voltage with 2K potentiometer on terminals R1 and R2.

5.2 - UF - Under frequency knee point setting

This function is provided to protect the AC generator from sustained low speed operation through a potentiometer. The AVR will reduce the voltage in proportion with the speed below the defined value.

The procedure for setting the UF potentiometer is as follows:

First select 50 Hz/60 Hz mode on the AVR. Run the generator at 48.5 Hz for a 50 Hz system (or 58.5 Hz for a 60 Hz system). Turn the UF potentiometer until the UF LED blinks. The potentiometer position at which the UF LED blinks is the correct UF potentiometer setting.

The factory default setting is 48.5 Hz.

5.3 - S

This function is provided to stop voltage hunting by means of a potentiometer. Turn clockwise to increase stability (to stop oscillation). Turning too far clockwise will result in a sluggish response and possibly also oscillations.

The factory default setting is slightly higher than critical damping.

6 - AVR CONTROLS

No.	Control	Function	Direction
1	V	Sets the generator output voltage	Turn clockwise to increase output voltage
2	S	Stops voltage hunting	Turn clockwise to increase stability
3	UF	Sets the Under frequency knee point	Turn anticlockwise to reduce the knee point
4	50 Hz/60 Hz selection	Selects 50 Hz mode or 60 Hz mode of operation	60 Hz operation is selected when kept open

Caution: Whenever the R121 AVR is used with low voltage 110 VAC generator (parallel connection) for the first time, the AVR should be started with Voltage pot V in the minimum position (fully anticlockwise). The R121 AVR can generate high voltage because the voltage range is from 110 VAC to 270 VAC.

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7 - TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

Symptom	Cause	Action
No voltage build-up	Fuse blown	Check and replace
	Low residual voltage across U and N terminals	If the generator's residual voltage at rated speed is less than 2.5 VAC (L-N), disconnect the AVR and connect a 24 VDC battery, keeping F1 as positive and F2 as negative. Connecting a freewheel diode (BY 127 or equivalent) across the field with the diode cathode to F1 and the anode to F2 during field flashing will help restore the residual voltage. WARNING: Remove the diode (BY-127) after field flashing. The 24 V battery positive terminal must only be connected to F1 and the negative to F2. Swapping the connection will cause diode BY127 to explode instantly.
	Incorrect wiring	Check wiring
	Rotating diodes and/or fuse failed	Check and replace
	Voltmeter on the front defective	Check and correct
	AVR defective (repeated fuse blowing)	Replace after performing a static test
High voltage build-up	Earthed exciter field	Check and correct
	Incorrect setting	Check and correct
Low voltage build-up	AVR defective	Perform a static test and replace if necessary
	Low prime mover speed	Check and correct
	Incorrect setting	Check and correct
Voltage oscillation	AVR defective	Replace the AVR
	Incorrect stability potentiometer sealing	Turn clockwise until hunting stops
	Prime mover speed hunting	Check and adjust the controller
	Load hunting, fluctuates rapidly	Check and correct
	High percentage of non-linear loads	Check and reduce the non-linear load
Incorrect regulation	High reactance in generator (during non-linear loading)	Consult the generator manufacturer
	The exciter field's requirement is too high	Wrong selection or very low P.F. load. Check and correct.
	Prime mover speed drops too much when on load (kW load)	Adjust the controller and reduce the active load

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8 - MULTIMETER CHECKS

Equipment: Digital multimeter

Select Diode mode on the digital multimeter.

The resistance between F1 and F2 (with the multimeter jack common applied to F1 of the AVR) should be between 0.4 and 0.6 V, and vice versa (with the multimeter jack common applied to F2 of the AVR) should give **INFINITY**.

ZERO indicates a power device failure in both cases, No further tests (static or dynamic) are allowed, as they would lead to the fuse blowing.

The resistance between F2 and U (both sides) should be greater than 200 Kohms.

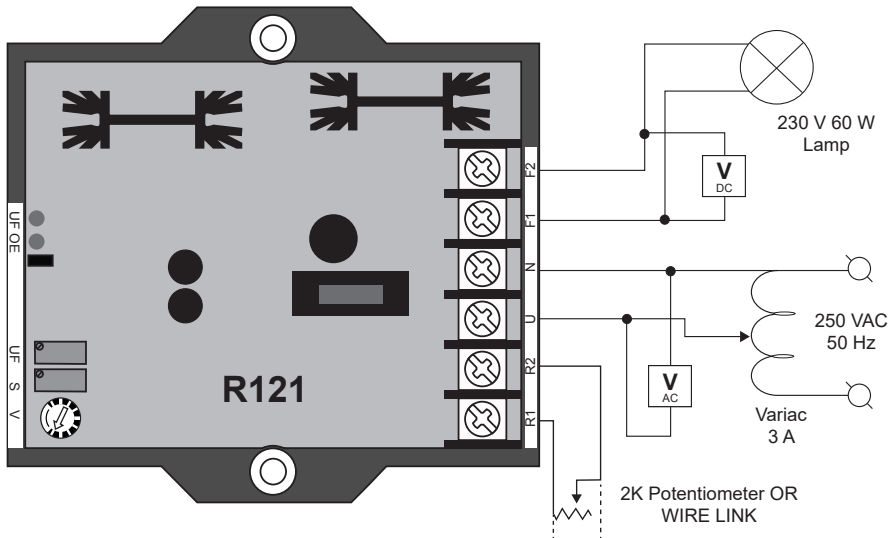
ZERO indicates a power device failure in both cases, No further tests (static test or dynamic tests) are allowed, and it will lead to the fuse blowing.

The resistance between U and N (both sides) should be greater than 200 Kohms.

ZERO indicates a power device failure in both cases, No further tests (static test or dynamic tests) are allowed, and it will lead to the fuse blowing.

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9 - STATIC TEST PROCEDURE



This test should only be attempted after making sure that the AVR has passed all multimeter checks. Connect the AVR to the single-phase variable voltage source as shown in diagram 1 in this manual.

1. Keep "V-TRIM" in the minimum position.
2. Keep "UF" in the fully anticlockwise position.
3. Increase the applied voltage. The lamp should glow increasingly brightly. At a voltage of around 90 V-95 V the lamp should go out slowly. Increase the voltage again up to 240 V. The lamp should stay OFF. Decrease the voltage to below 90 V. The lamp should glow again.
4. Turn the "UF" potentiometer clockwise. The UF LED will glow. The lamp should go out slowly. Now turn "UF" potentiometer anticlockwise. The UF LED will go out. The lamp should glow brightly again.
5. It is difficult to prescribe a static test for checking the stability, as this is more easily detected during closed loop tests. However, a healthy AVR will behave as described below.

First keep the "S" potentiometer in the fully anticlockwise position. Perform the static test as described in steps 1, 2 and 3. The lamp will go out fairly quickly at 90 V-95 V and come on again quickly when the voltage is reduced to below 90 V.

Now keep the "S" potentiometer fully clockwise, and perform the static test as described in steps 1, 2, and 3. The lamp should go out much more slowly and come on again much more slowly. At the end of this test reset the potentiometer in the middle position.

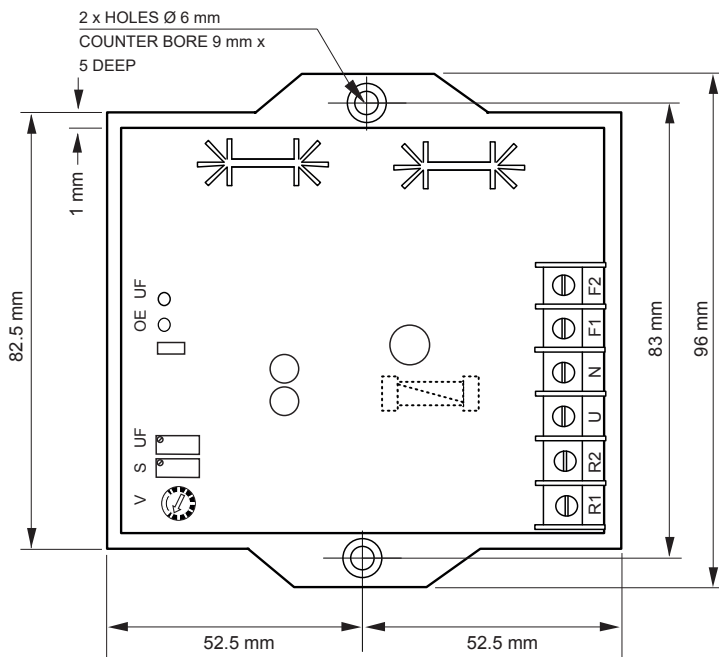
6. Turn the "V" potentiometer fully clockwise. Increase the voltage to 250 V. The "OE" LED should glow and the voltmeter at F1 and F2 should read 95 V. Increasing the voltage to 305 V will turn off the lamp.

7. Connect the 2K potentiometer at terminals R1 and R2. Turn the external potentiometer both fully clockwise and anticlockwise. The lamp should turn off and on alternately.

If the AVR behaves as described above then it is in good working order.

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10 - DIMENSIONS



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11 - SPARE PARTS

11.1 - Designation

Description	Type	Code
AVR	R121	5107292

11.2 - Technical support service

Our technical support service will be pleased to provide any additional information you may require.

For all spare parts orders or technical support requests, send your request to service.epg@leroy-somer.com or your nearest contact, whom you will find at www.lrsm.co/support indicating the type and the code number of the AVR.

To ensure that our products operate correctly and safely, we recommend the use of original manufacturer spare parts.

In the event of failure to comply with this advice, the manufacturer cannot be held responsible for any damage.

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Disposal and recycling instructions

We are committed to limiting the environmental impact of our activity. We continuously monitor our production processes, material sourcing and product design to improve recyclability and minimise our environmental footprint.

These instructions are for information purposes only. It is the user's responsibility to comply with local legislation regarding product disposal and recycling.

Waste & hazardous materials

The following components and materials require special treatment and must be separated from the alternator before the recycling process:

- electronic materials found in the terminal box, including the automatic voltage regulator (198), current transformers (176), interference suppression module and other semi-conductors.
- diode bridge (343) and surge suppressor (347), found on the alternator rotor.
- major plastic components, such as the terminal box structure on some products. These components are usually marked with information concerning the type of plastic.

All materials listed above need special treatment to separate waste from reclaimable materials and should be entrusted to specialist recycling companies.

**R121
AVRs**

Service & Support

Our worldwide service network of over 80 facilities is at your service.

This local presence is our guarantee for fast and efficient repair, support and maintenance services.

Trust your alternator maintenance and support to electric power generation experts. Our field personnel are 100% qualified and fully trained to operate in all environments and on all machine types.

We have a deep understanding of alternator operation, providing the best value service to optimise your cost of ownership.

Where we can help:



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