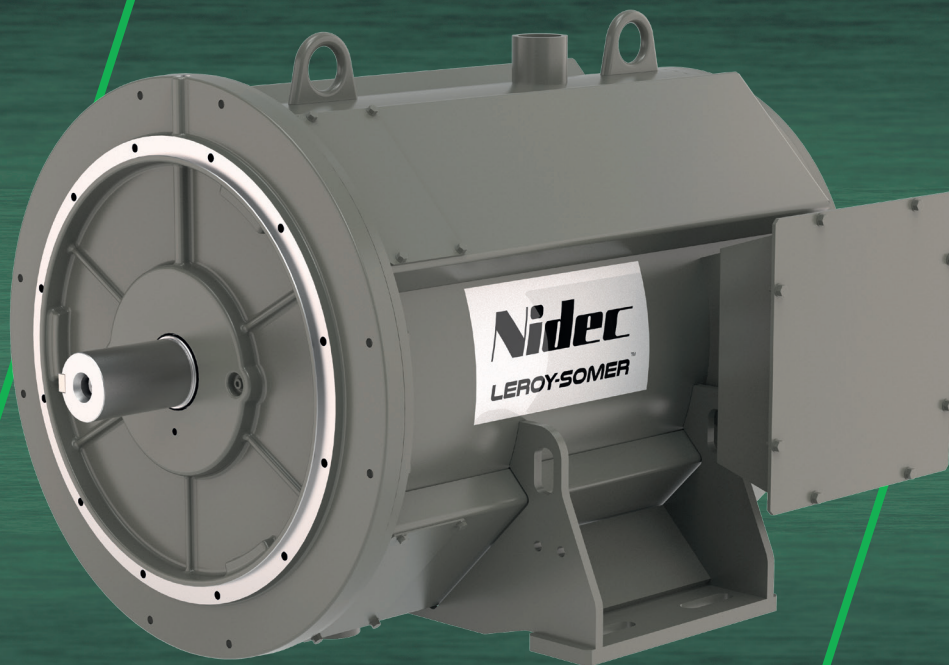


Nidec

Power



LSAH 44.3

Low Voltage Alternator - 4 poles

40 to 75 kVA - 50 Hz / 50 to 94 kVA - 60 Hz

Electrical and mechanical data

LEROY-SOMER[™]

LSAH 44.3

The best of performance

The Leroy-Somer™ LSAH 44.3 alternator has been designed to maximize efficiency of cogeneration installations. Thanks to its specific built-in coolant circuit, heat recovery is optimized and directly fed into the larger installation. The Leroy-Somer™ LSAH 44.3 alternator is also perfectly suited for continuous service connected to the national grid and other applications like oil and gas. The various design elements and construction features of the Leroy-Somer™ LSAH 44.3 alternator make it highly performant and durable.

Standards

The Leroy-Somer™ LSAH 44.3 alternator meets all key international standards and regulations such as IEC 60034, NEMA MG 1.32-33, ISO 8528-3, CSA C22.2 n°100-14, UL 1446, UL 1004-1 and UL 1004-4. EC, UKCA, CMIM, CSA, UL 1446 and UL recognized declarations and certifications are available for the LSAH 44.3. The standards IEC 61000-6-2, IEC 61000-6-3, IEC 61000-6-4, VDE 0875G, VDE 0875N and EN 55011 allow compliance with group 1 class A for the European zone. The Leroy-Somer™ LSAH 44.3 alternator is designed, manufactured and marketed in an ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 quality assurance environment.

Electrical characteristics and performances

- Class H insulation
- 2/3 pitch winding, standard 6-wire (6S) reconnectable
- Voltage range:
 - 50 Hz: 380V/400V/415V
 - 60 Hz: 380V/440V/480V
- Other voltages: consult us
- High efficiency and motor starting capacity

Excitation and regulation system

| Excitation system | | Regulation options | | |
|-------------------|----------|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| AVR | AREP | C.T. Current transformer for paralleling | Mains paralleling | Remote voltage potentiometer |
| D350 | Standard | √ | | √ |
| D550 | Option | √ | √ | √ |

3-phase sensing is included as a standard with digital regulators.

Protection system and options

- Designed for an operating environment up to 80°C and a maximum cooling liquid temperature of 75°C
- Water flow: 3 to 10 m³/h
- pH of water: 7 < pH < 8
- Degree of protection: IP 44 (option: IP55/IP56)
- Enclosed machine cooled by heat transfer fluid
- Options:
 - Double terminal box
 - Space heater
 - Bearing sensors
 - Thermal protection for stator windings (PT100 sensors)
 - Shaft height: adapted on request
 - Remote voltage potentiometer
 - Current transformer for parallel operation
 - Single-bearing configuration
 - Reinforced paint for harsh environment

Mechanical construction

- Compact rigid assembly to better withstand generator vibrations
- Steel frame and terminal box
- Cast iron flanges and shields
- Two-bearing and single-bearing mounting
- Half-key balancing
- Greasable ball bearings: 40 000h
- Direction of rotation: clockwise and anti-clockwise (without derating)
- Noise level: 81 dBA (IEC 60034-9)
- Output cable direction: left or right

Terminal box design

- Remote voltage regulator (AVR not mounted in terminal box)
- Terminal block for voltage reconnection
- Terminal block on the left or right, or both sides (with extra cost)

LSAH 44.3 - 40 to 75 kVA - 50 Hz / 50 to 94 kVA - 60 Hz

General characteristics

| | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|---|--------------------|
| Insulation class | H | Excitation system | AREP |
| Winding pitch | 2/3 (wind. 6S) | AVR type | D350 |
| Number of wires | 6 | Voltage regulation (*) | ± 0.25 % |
| Protection | IP 44 | Short-circuit current | 300 % (3 IN) : 10s |
| Cooling - Code | Water - IC7A1W7 | Total Harmonic Distortion THD (**) in no-load | < 2 % |
| Altitude | ≤ 1 000 m | Total Harmonic Distortion THD (**) in linear load | < 5 % |
| Overspeed | 2 250 R.P.M. | Waveform: NEMA = TIF (**) | < 50 |
| Water flow | 3 to 10 m ³ /h | Waveform: IEC = THF (**) | < 1.5 % |

(*) Steady state (**) Total harmonic distortion between phases, no-load or on-load (non-distorting)

Ratings 50 Hz - 1 500 R.P.M.

| Duty max. / T° C | Continuous / 80 °C (environment) - 75 °C (liquid) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|-----------|------|----------|-----------|------|-----------|-----------|------|------------|-----------|------|-----------|-----------|------|------------|------------|------|
| Class / T° K | F / 70° K (Standard) | | | | | | B / 45° K | | | | | | H / 90° K | | | | | |
| Y | P.F. 1 | | | P.F. 0.8 | | | P.F. φ 1 | | | P.F. φ 0.8 | | | P.F. φ 1 | | | P.F. φ 0.8 | | |
| | 380V | 400V | 415V | 380V | 400V | 415V | 380V | 400V | 415V | 380V | 400V | 415V | 380V | 400V | 415V | 380V | 400V | 415V |
| LSAH 44.3 M4 kVA | 40 | 40 | 40 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| kW | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 |
| LSAH 44.3 M6 kVA | 52 | 52 | 52 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 71 | 71 | 71 |
| kW | 52 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 |
| LSAH 44.3 L8 kVA | 60 | 60 | 60 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 82 | 82 | 82 |
| kW | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 66 |
| LSAH 44.3 VL12 kVA | 75 | 75 | 75 | 94 | 94 | 94 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 83 | 83 | 83 | 104 | 104 | 104 |
| kW | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 83 | 83 | 83 | 83 | 83 | 83 |

Ratings 60 Hz - 1 800 R.P.M.

| Duty max. / T° C | Continuous / 80 °C (environment) - 75 °C (liquid) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|------|-----------|----------|------|------------|-----------|------|-----------|------------|------|-----------|-----------|------|------------|------------|------|------------|
| Class / T° K | F / 70° K (Standard) | | | | | | B / 45° K | | | | | | H / 90° K | | | | | |
| Y | P.F. 1 | | | P.F. 0.8 | | | P.F. φ 1 | | | P.F. φ 0.8 | | | P.F. φ 1 | | | P.F. φ 0.8 | | |
| | 380V | 440V | 480V | 380V | 440V | 480V | 380V | 440V | 480V | 380V | 440V | 480V | 380V | 440V | 480V | 380V | 440V | 480V |
| LSAH 44.3 M4 kVA | 40 | 46 | 50 | 49 | 57 | 62 | 32 | 37 | 40 | 40 | 46 | 50 | 44 | 50 | 55 | 55 | 63 | 69 |
| kW | 40 | 46 | 50 | 39 | 46 | 50 | 32 | 37 | 40 | 32 | 37 | 40 | 44 | 50 | 55 | 44 | 50 | 55 |
| LSAH 44.3 M6 kVA | 49 | 57 | 62 | 62 | 72 | 78 | 40 | 46 | 50 | 49 | 57 | 62 | 54 | 62 | 68 | 67 | 78 | 85 |
| kW | 49 | 57 | 62 | 50 | 58 | 62 | 40 | 46 | 50 | 39 | 46 | 50 | 54 | 62 | 68 | 54 | 62 | 68 |
| LSAH 44.3 L8 kVA | 59 | 69 | 75 | 74 | 86 | 94 | 48 | 55 | 60 | 59 | 69 | 75 | 66 | 76 | 83 | 82 | 94 | 103 |
| kW | 59 | 69 | 75 | 59 | 69 | 75 | 48 | 55 | 60 | 47 | 55 | 60 | 66 | 76 | 83 | 66 | 75 | 82 |
| LSAH 44.3 VL12 kVA | 74 | 86 | 94 | 93 | 107 | 117 | 59 | 69 | 75 | 74 | 86 | 94 | 82 | 95 | 104 | 103 | 119 | 130 |
| kW | 74 | 86 | 94 | 74 | 86 | 94 | 59 | 69 | 75 | 59 | 69 | 75 | 82 | 95 | 104 | 82 | 95 | 104 |

Temperature and Power

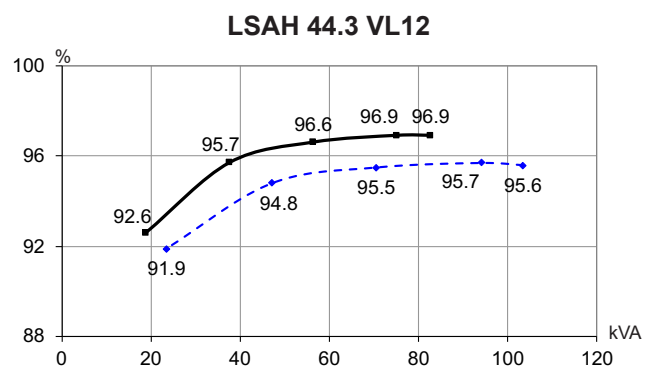
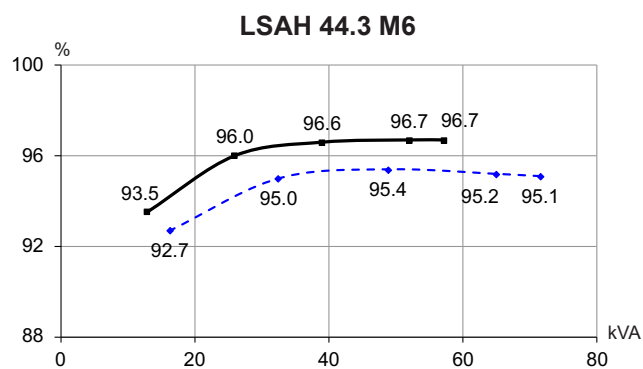
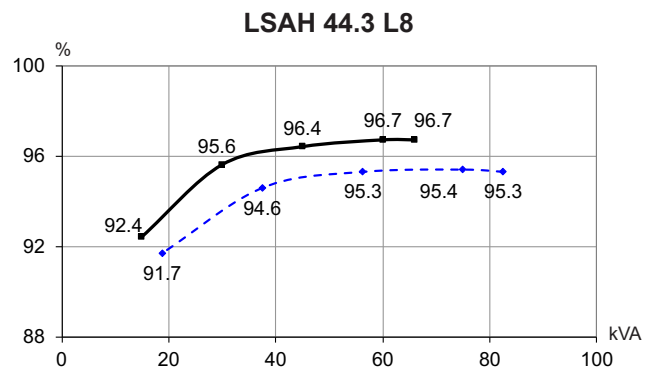
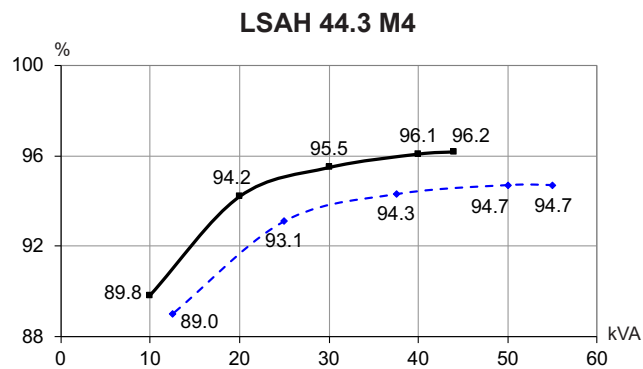
Power adjustment factor according to the coolant temperature

| Coolant T °C | 40 - 50 °C | 60 - 75 °C | 85 - 95 °C |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Factor | 1.03 | 1 | 0.97 |

Max ΔT water (outlet vs inlet) at water temperature 40 °C to 75 °C

| Class B | Class F | Class H |
|---------|---------|---------|
| 0.5 K | 0.7 K | 0.9 K |

Efficiencies 400V - 50 Hz (--- P.F.: 0.8) (— P.F.: 1) - Class F



Reactances (%). Time constants (ms) - Class F / 400 V - P.F. 1

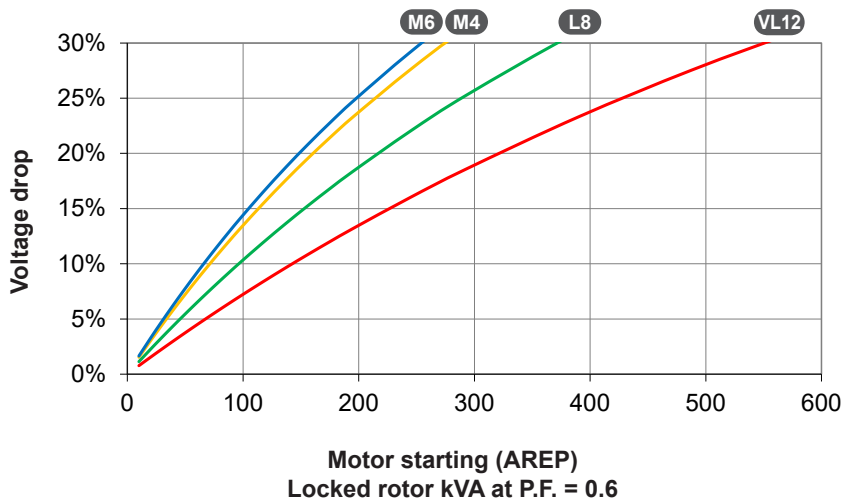
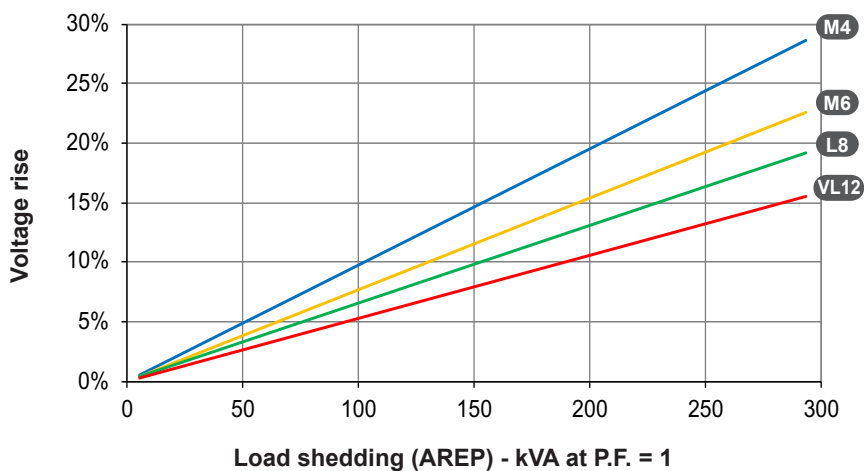
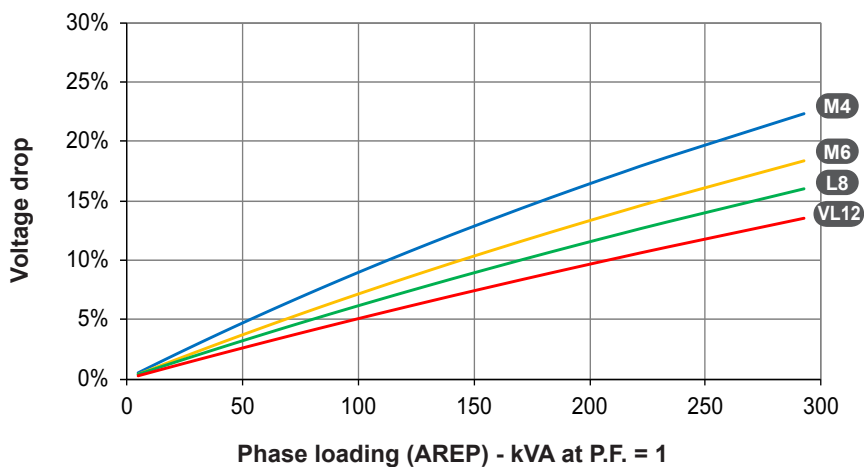
| | M4 | M6 | L8 | VL12 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Kcc Short-circuit ratio | 1.28 | 0.67 | 0.93 | 0.99 |
| Xd Direct-axis synchronous reactance unsaturated | 119 | 179 | 150 | 140 |
| Xq Quadrature-axis synchronous reactance unsaturated | 61 | 91 | 76 | 71 |
| T'do No-load transient time constant | 1 802 | 1 921 | 2 024 | 2 253 |
| X'd Direct-axis transient reactance saturated | 6.6 | 9.3 | 7.4 | 6.2 |
| T'd Short-circuit transient time constant | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| X''d Direct-axis subtransient reactance saturated | 3.9 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 3.7 |
| T''d Subtransient time constant | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| X''q Quadrature-axis subtransient reactance saturated | 6.9 | 9.8 | 7.8 | 6.7 |
| Xo Zero sequence reactance | 0.27 | 0.38 | 0.3 | 0.26 |
| X2 Negative sequence reactance saturated | 5.47 | 7.73 | 6.16 | 5.25 |
| Ta Armature time constant | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |

Other class F / 400 V data

| | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| io (A) No-load excitation current AREP | 1.08 | 0.74 | 0.94 | 0.94 |
| ic (A) On-load excitation current AREP | 1.4 | 1.35 | 1.42 | 1.39 |
| uc (V) On-load excitation voltage AREP | 11.2 | 10.8 | 11.4 | 11.1 |
| ms Response time ($\Delta U = 20\%$ transient) | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| kVA Start ($\Delta U = 20\%$ continuous or $\Delta U = 30\%$ transient) AREP* | 275 | 255 | 371 | 550 |
| % Transient ΔU (on-load 4/4) AREP - P.F.: 1 _{LAG} | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 |
| W No-load losses | 1 212 | 947 | 1 289 | 1 598 |
| W Heat dissipation | 1 602 | 1 740 | 2 006 | 2 374 |

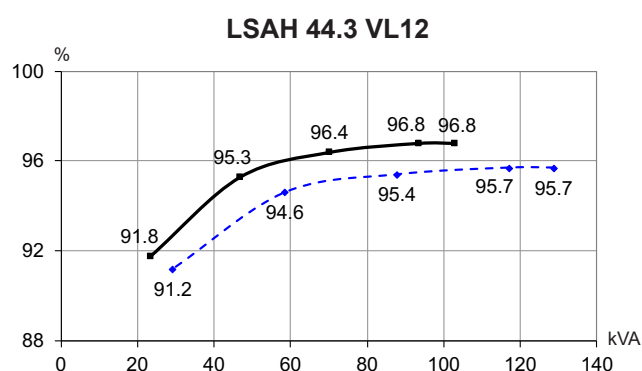
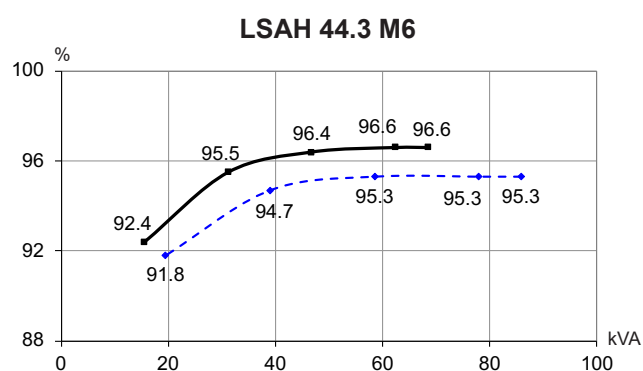
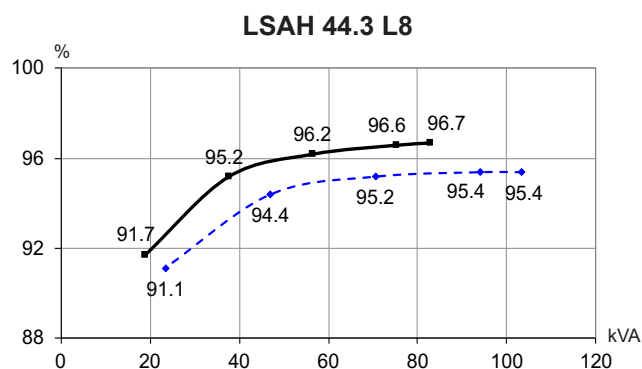
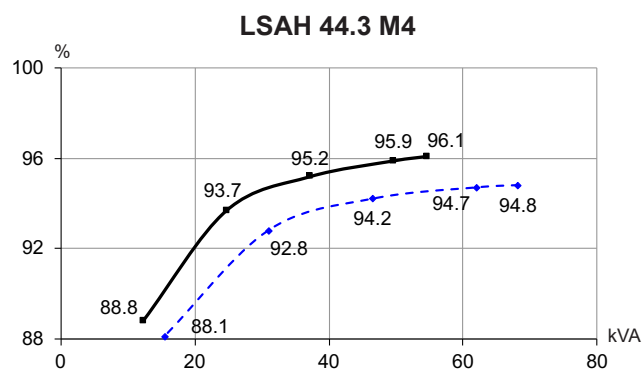
* P.F. = 0.6

Transient voltage variation 400V - 50 Hz - Class F



1) For a starting P.F. other than 0.6, the starting kVA must be multiplied by $K = \text{Sine P.F.} / 0.8$
 2) For voltages other than 400V (Y), 230V (Δ) at 50 Hz, then kVA must be multiplied by $(400/U)^2$ or $(230/U)^2$.

Efficiencies 480V - 60 Hz (--- P.F.: 0.8) (— P.F.: 1) - Class F



Reactances (%). Time constants (ms) - Class F / 480 V - P.F. 1

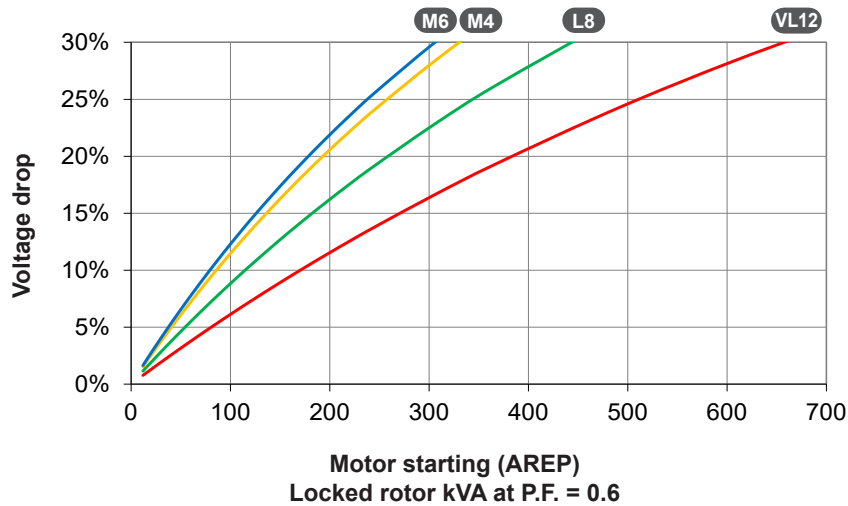
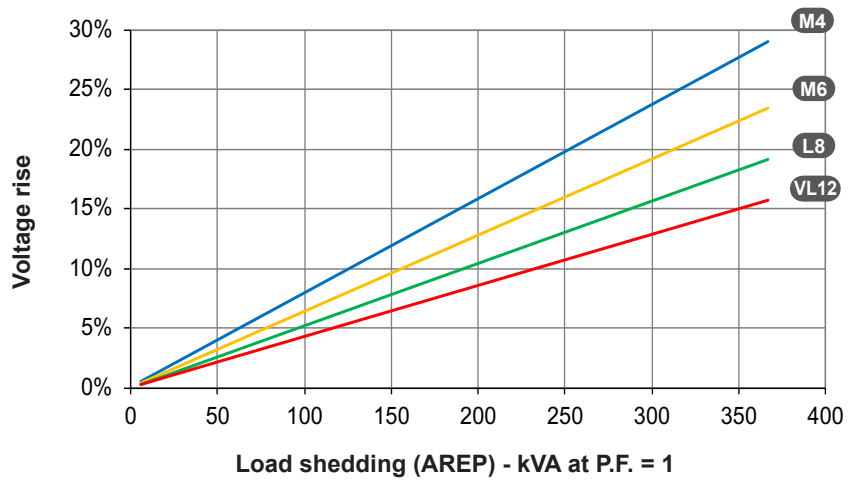
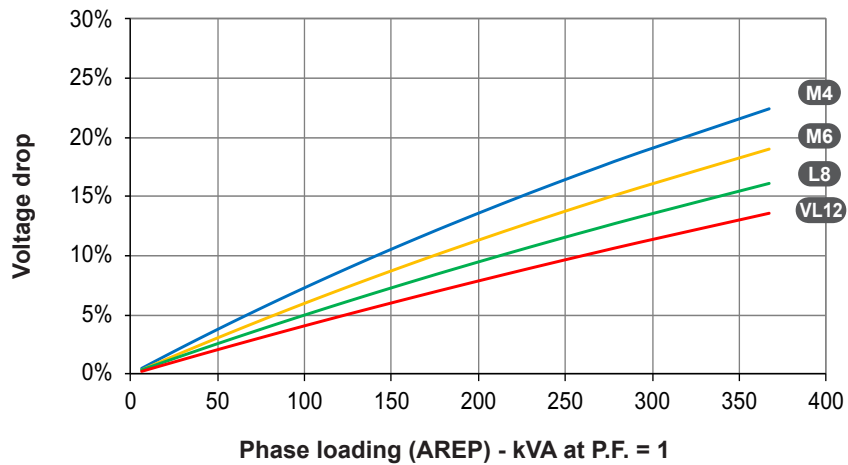
| | M4 | M6 | L8 | VL12 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Kcc Short-circuit ratio | 1.24 | 0.67 | 0.89 | 0.96 |
| Xd Direct-axis synchronous reactance unsaturated | 123 | 179 | 156 | 146 |
| Xq Quadrature-axis synchronous reactance unsaturated | 63 | 91 | 79 | 74 |
| T'do No-load transient time constant | 1 802 | 1 921 | 2 024 | 2 253 |
| X'd Direct-axis transient reactance saturated | 6.8 | 9.3 | 7.7 | 6.4 |
| T'd Short-circuit transient time constant | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| X''d Direct-axis subtransient reactance saturated | 4.1 | 5.5 | 4.6 | 3.8 |
| T''d Subtransient time constant | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| X''q Quadrature-axis subtransient reactance saturated | 7.1 | 9.8 | 8.2 | 7 |
| Xo Zero sequence reactance | 0.28 | 0.38 | 0.32 | 0.27 |
| X2 Negative sequence reactance saturated | 5.65 | 7.73 | 6.43 | 5.44 |
| Ta Armature time constant | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |

Other class F / 480 V data

| | M4 | M6 | L8 | VL12 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| io (A) No-load excitation current AREP | 1.08 | 0.74 | 0.94 | 0.94 |
| ic (A) On-load excitation current AREP | 1.41 | 1.34 | 1.45 | 1.4 |
| uc (V) On-load excitation voltage AREP | 11.3 | 10.8 | 11.6 | 11.2 |
| ms Response time ($\Delta U = 20\%$ transient) | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| kVA Start ($\Delta U = 20\%$ continuous or $\Delta U = 30\%$ transient) AREP* | 331 | 306 | 443 | 657 |
| % Transient ΔU (on-load 4/4) AREP - P.F.: 1 LAG | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 |
| W No-load losses | 1 696 | 1 373 | 1 823 | 2 253 |
| W Heat dissipation | 2 083 | 2 163 | 2 601 | 3 081 |

* P.F. = 0.6

Transient voltage variation 480V - 60 Hz - Class F

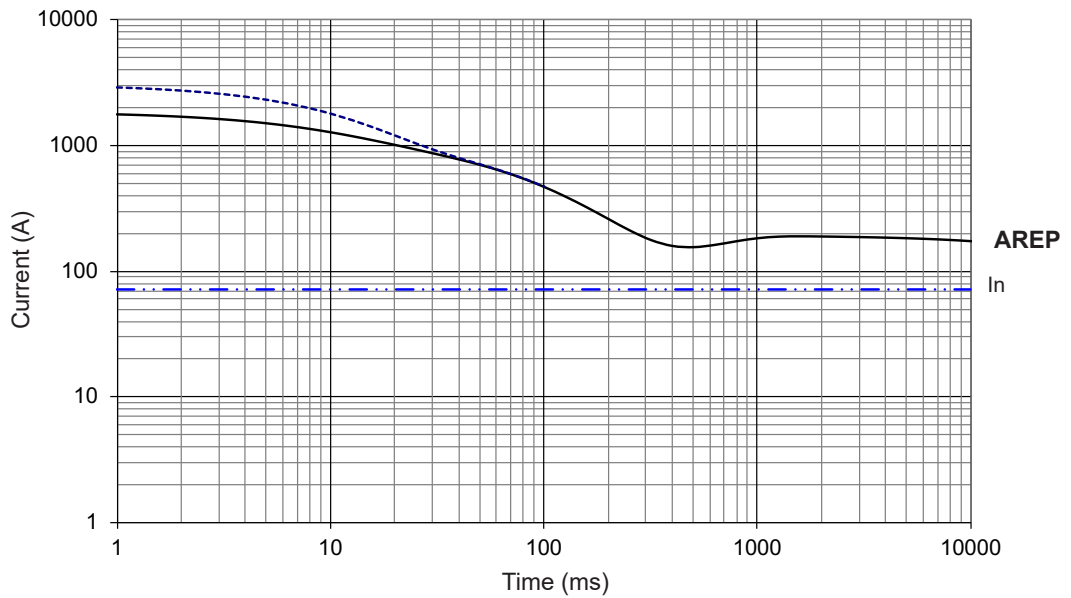


1) For a starting P.F. other than 0.6, the starting kVA must be multiplied by $K = \text{Sine P.F.} / 0.6$
 2) For voltages other than 480V (Y), 277V (Δ), 240V (YY) at 60 Hz, then kVA must be multiplied by $(480/U)^2$ or $(277/U)^2$ or $(240/U)^2$.

3-phase short-circuit curves at no load and rated speed (star connection Y) - Class F

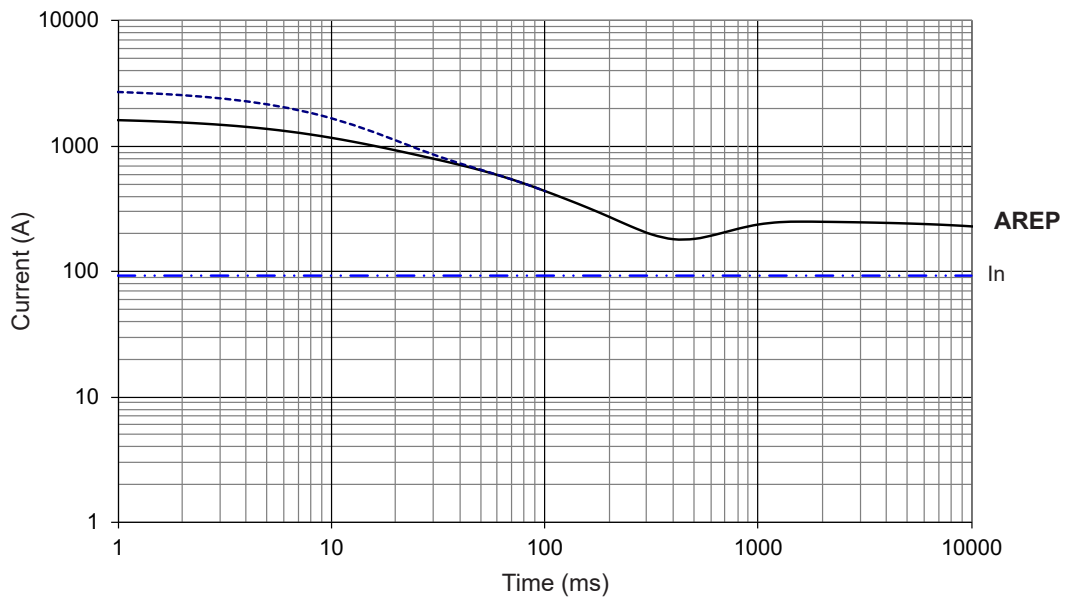
LSAH 44.3 M4

Symmetrical —
Asymmetrical - - -



LSAH 44.3 M6

Symmetrical —
Asymmetrical - - -



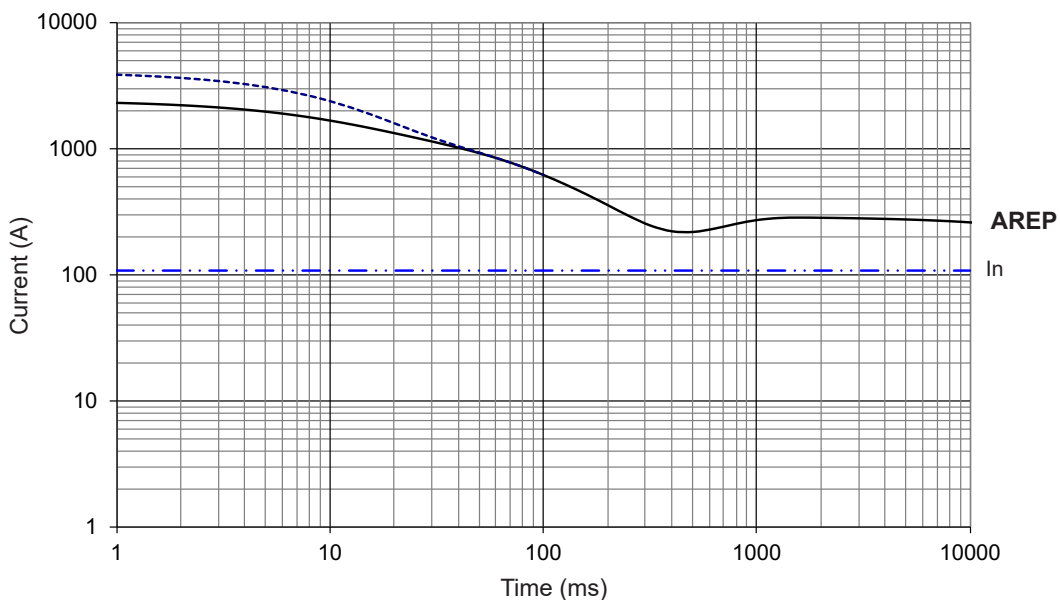
Influence due to connection

For (Δ) connection, use the following multiplication factor:
- Current value x 1.732.

3-phase short-circuit curves at no load and rated speed (star connection Y) - Class F

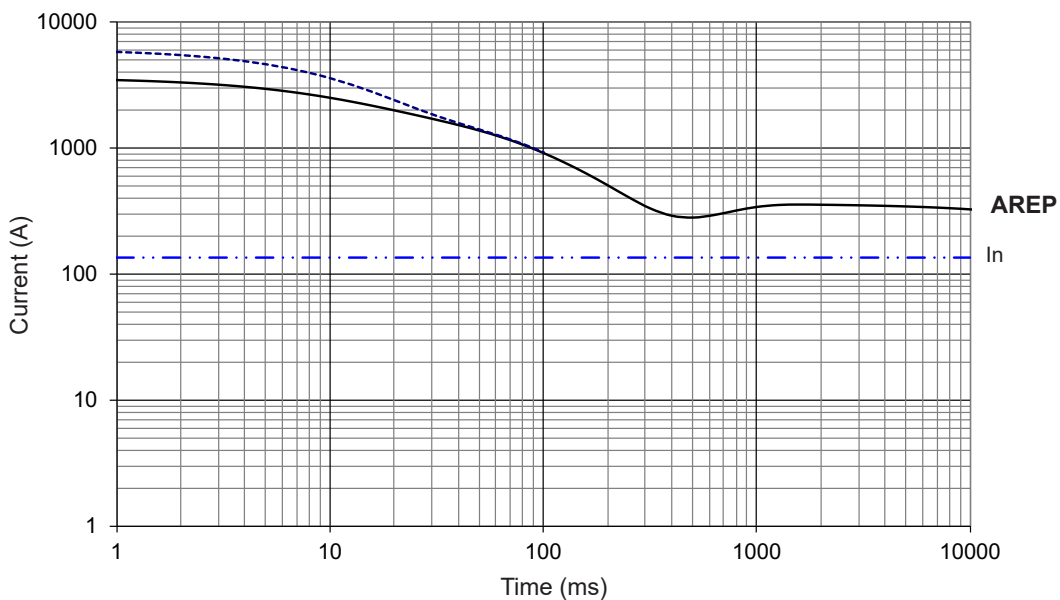
LSAH 44.3 L8

Symmetrical —
Asymmetrical - - -



LSAH 44.3 VL12

Symmetrical —
Asymmetrical - - -

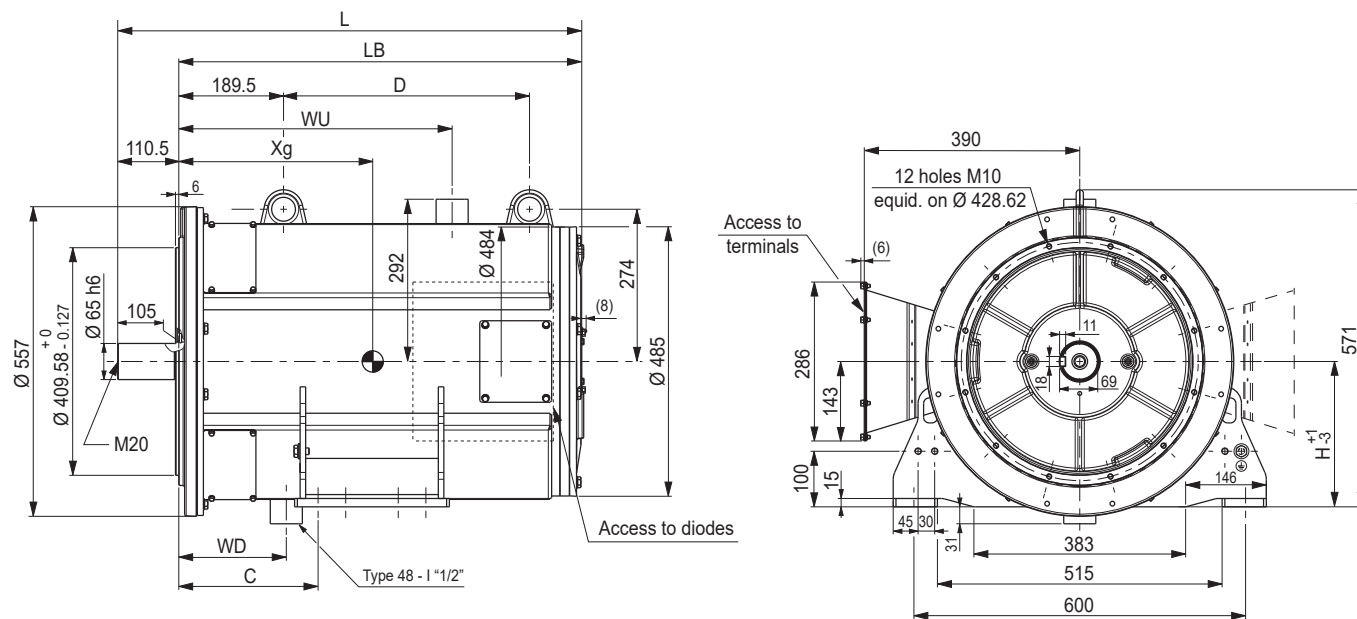


Influence due to short-circuit

Curves are based on a three-phase short-circuit.
For other types of short-circuit,
use the following multiplication factors.

| | 3 - phase | 2 - phase L / L | 1 - phase L / N |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Instantaneous (max.) | 1 | 0.87 | 1.3 |
| Continuous | 1 | 1.5 | 2.2 |
| Maximum duration (AREP) | 10 sec. | 5 sec. | 2 sec. |

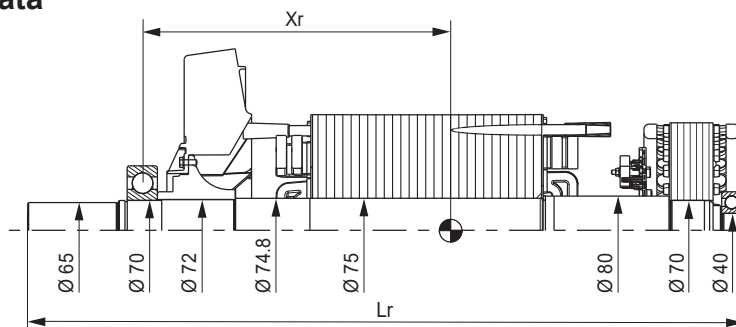
Two-bearing dimensions - Standard



Dimensions (mm) and weight (kg)

| Type | L | LB | D | WU | Xg | WD | C | H | Weight |
|----------------|-------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-----|--------|
| LSAH 44.3 M4 | 839.5 | 729 | 445 | 494.5 | 330 | 194.5 | 252 | 262 | 545 |
| LSAH 44.3 M6 | 839.5 | 729 | 445 | 494.5 | 345 | 194.5 | 252 | 262 | 580 |
| LSAH 44.3 L8 | 874.5 | 764 | 480 | 529.5 | 360 | 194.5 | 252 | 262 | 622 |
| LSAH 44.3 VL12 | 974.5 | 864 | 580 | 629.5 | 370 | 194.5 | 252 | 262 | 750 |

Torsional analysis data



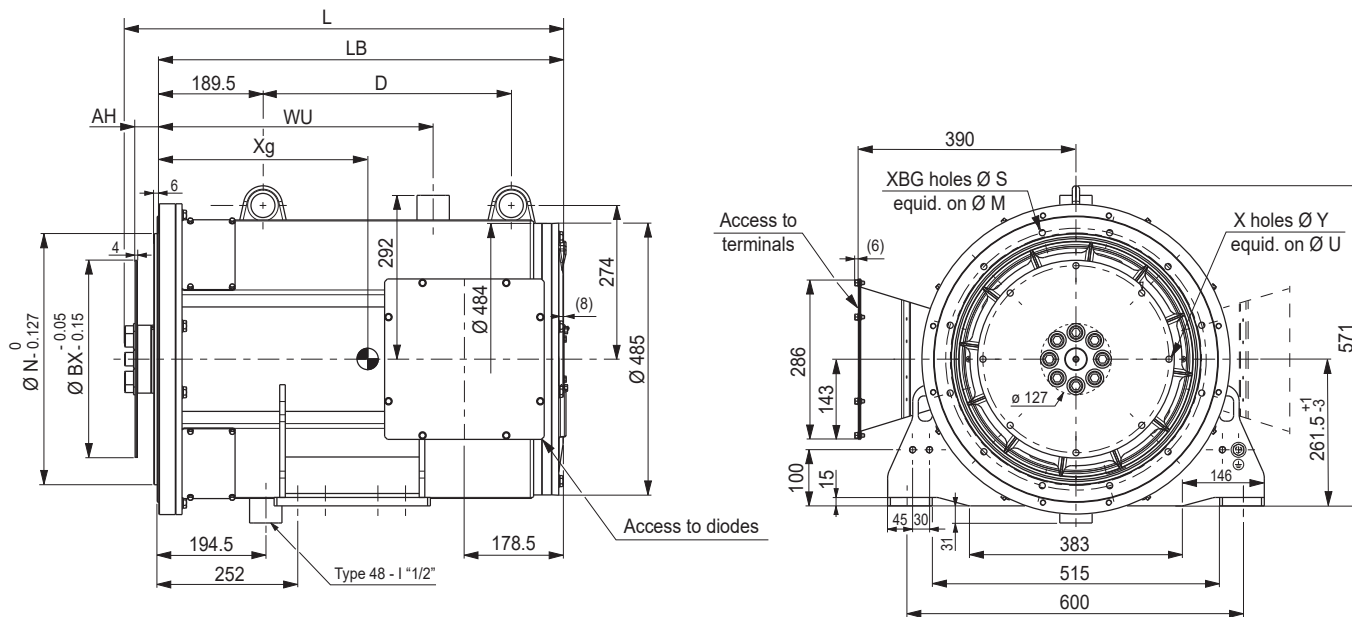
Centre of gravity: X_r (mm), Rotor length: L_r (mm), Weight: M (kg), Moment of inertia: J (kgm^2): ($4J = MD^2$)

| Type | X_r | L_r | M | J |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| LSAH 44.3 M4 | 332.5 | 828 | 135.5 | 0.984 |
| LSAH 44.3 M6 | 347 | 828 | 147 | 1.098 |
| LSAH 44.3 L8 | 364 | 863 | 160.5 | 1.206 |
| LSAH 44.3 VL12 | 413 | 963 | 206 | 1.592 |

NOTE : Dimensions are for information only and may be subject to modifications. Contractual 2D drawings can be downloaded from the Nidec Power website, 3D drawing files are available upon request.

The torsional analysis of the transmission is imperative. All values are available upon request.

Single-bearing dimensions - Option



| Dimensions (mm) and weight (kg) | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|-----|-----|-------|-----|--------|
| Type | L maxi* | LB | D | WU | Xg | Weight |
| LSAH 44.3 M4 | 810 | 729 | 445 | 494.5 | 330 | 545 |
| LSAH 44.3 M6 | 810 | 729 | 445 | 494.5 | 345 | 580 |
| LSAH 44.3 L8 | 845 | 764 | 480 | 529.5 | 360 | 622 |
| LSAH 44.3 VL12 | 945 | 864 | 580 | 629.5 | 370 | 750 |

| Coupling | | | | |
|------------|---|---|---|--|
| Flange | 2 | 3 | 4 | |
| Flex plate | | | | |
| 11 1/2 | x | x | - | |
| 10 | x | x | x | |
| 8 | - | x | x | |

* L maxi = LB + AH maxi + 19

| Flange (mm) | | | | | Flex plate (mm) | | | | | |
|-------------|--------|--------|----|-----|-----------------|--------|--------|---|----|------|
| S.A.E. | N | M | S | XBG | S.A.E. | BX | U | X | Y | AH |
| 4 | 361.95 | 381 | 11 | 12 | 11 1/2 | 352.42 | 333.38 | 8 | 11 | 39.6 |
| 3 | 409.58 | 428.62 | 11 | 12 | 10 | 314.32 | 295.28 | 8 | 11 | 53.8 |
| 2 | 447.68 | 466.72 | 11 | 12 | 8 | 263.52 | 244.48 | 6 | 11 | 62 |

For torsional analysis data or other request: consult us.

NOTE : Dimensions are for information only and may be subject to modifications. Contractual 2D drawings can be downloaded from the Nidec Power website, 3D drawing files are available upon request.



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